

Final results 2011 IDNT Benchmarking survey

(Completion rate: 74.03%)

Question 1: Are you familiar with the Nutrition Care Process (NCP) and International Dietetics and Nutrition Terminology (IDNT) (also known as the Standardized Nutrition Language?)

Response	Chart	Percentage	Count
Yes		79%	165
No		21%	44
Total Responses			209

Question 2: Please indicate how strongly you agree or disagree with the following statement: I understand the link between NCP and IDNT.

Response	Chart	Percentage	Count
Strongly Agree		18%	27
Agree		58%	85
Neutral		19%	28
Disagree		3%	4
Strongly Disagree		1%	2
Total Responses			146

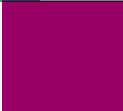
Question 3: Please choose the statement that best applies to your current practice (please select one option)

Response	Chart	Percentage	Count
I am not currently using the IDNT and I do not plan to use it.		7%	10
I am using or thinking about using the IDNT		84%	123
I have used the IDNT in the past but am not currently using it.		9%	13
Total Responses			146

Question 4: Please indicate how strongly you agree or disagree with the following statement:
The IDNT is applicable to my area of practice.

Response	Chart	Percentage	Count
Strongly Agree		32%	46
Agree		46%	67
Neutral		15%	22
Disagree		7%	10
Strongly Disagree		1%	1
Total Responses			146

Question 5: If you disagree or strongly disagree with the statement in Q4 above, please describe why.

Response	Chart	Percentage	Count
The terms needed for my area of practice are not available. PLEASE INDICATE AREA OF PRACTICE.		11%	3
Care does not seem individualized		11%	3
IDNT doesn't work well in fast paced clinical settings		11%	3
Nutrition diagnosis doesn't work well with my clients because they determine what issue they would like to work on.		7%	2
IDNT is difficult to apply in settings with interdisciplinary team assessment and documentation.		30%	8
Other, please comment:		30%	8
Total Responses			27

Question 5: If you disagree or strongly disagree with the statement in Q4 above, please describe why. (The terms needed for my area of practice are not available. PLEASE INDICATE AREA OF PRACTICE.)

#	Response
1.	CVICU
2.	Food allergy and intolerance, Environmental Illness

Question 5: If you disagree or strongly disagree with the statement in Q4 above, please describe why. (Other, please comment:)

#	Response
1.	all the above except the first
2.	multiple reasons (almost all of the above)
3.	I am unable to answer question 5 d/t have not started to use IDNT. I think it is applicable to my work setting.
4.	Clients with dementia or living in poverty often unable to engage in care plans, have few options, limited capacity to make change.
5.	time consuming to apply to critical care setting
6.	In my LTC setting, I see all residents at least yearly. Very often there is no one major issue, or one distinct or reversible cause for the nutrition problem. I tried using the IDNT for some time but would like some more education specific to LTC and IDNT.
7.	my clients do determine what they would like to work on but I think there would be a way to integrate both IDNT and pt personal goals

Question 6: If you are using or thinking about using NCP and IDNT, what do you see as the benefits to your practice? (select all that apply)

Response	Chart	Percentage	Count
Provides consistent structure and framework for nutrition care.		81%	106
Provides dietitians with a common vocabulary to identify nutrition problems		89%	117
Allows more concise documentation		63%	82
Allows for more consistent care when patient transfer services		52%	68
Encourages critical thinking		63%	82
Facilitates communication with other health care professionals		44%	57
Helps with training dietetic interns/students		50%	65
Assists with evaluation of patient/client care		61%	80
Supports research on patient outcomes		40%	52
Assist dietitians being recognized as valuable team members		40%	52
Total Responses			131

Question 7: What are your main concerns about adopting the NCP and INDT into your practice? (select all that apply)

Response	Chart	Percentage	Count
It will decrease my productivity during implementation		38%	50
I feel it will take me away from my patient contact time.		10%	13
I have difficulty determining Nutrition Diagnosis (PES) statements		52%	69
I am concerned that the NCP will move my practice from individualized care plans to general care.		19%	25
I am concerned other health professionals will not read Nutrition Diagnosis (PES) statements		36%	48
I do not have concerns about adopting the NCP and IDNT		25%	33
Total Responses			133

Response	Chart	Percentage	Count
Not currently aware		11%	14
Aware of need		26%	34
Determining an implementation plan		19%	25
Training		8%	10
Implemented in paper charting		21%	28
Implemented in electronic medical recording charting		13%	17
Not applicable to my practice		4%	5
Total Responses			133

Response	Chart	Percentage	Count
Not currently aware		5%	7
Aware of need		24%	31
Determining an implementation plan		14%	18
Training		10%	13
Implemented in paper charting		31%	41
Implemented in electronic medical recording charting		13%	17
Not applicable to my practice		3%	4
Total Responses			131

Response	Chart	Percentage	Count
Not currently aware		8%	10
Aware of need		33%	43
Determining an implementation plan		18%	24
Training		11%	14
Implemented in paper charting		16%	21
Implemented in electronic medical recording charting		11%	14
Not applicable to my practice		3%	4
Total Responses			130

Response	Chart	Percentage	Count
Not currently aware		8%	10
Aware of need		34%	44
Determining an implementation plan		21%	27
Training		9%	11
Implemented in paper charting		16%	21
Implemented in electronic medical recording charting		8%	10
Not applicable to my practice		5%	6
Total Responses			129

Question 9: What type of education/learning opportunities about the NCP/IDNT have you participated in?

Response	Chart	Percentage	Count
Local facilitated presentations		39%	53
Presentations/workshops at a national conference		18%	24
Presentation at local/regional events		21%	29
Journal reading/articles		47%	65
Read the IDNT Reference Manual or Pocket Guide		66%	91
Peer discussions/informal sessions		53%	73
ADA web site tutorials		28%	39
Case study presentations		28%	38
University classes		10%	14
Instruction during internship		8%	11
Collaborative work with co-workers and colleagues		31%	42
Practice council meetings		7%	10
Other, please specify:		7%	9
Total Responses			137

Question 9: What type of education/learning opportunities about the NCP/IDNT have you participated in? (Other, please specify:)

#	Response
1.	self study
2.	Live meeting presentations
3.	use a textbook
4.	DC podcast
5.	podcast
6.	not much, aviating more info made available for RDs to get familiar with the prog. to effectively use in their practise
7.	read in up to date nutrition textbooks
8.	A DI I was mentoring introduced it to me. She has done it in her previous training at a hospital in her home province of Sask.

Question 10: Please indicate how strongly you agree or disagree with the following statement:
I require additional training specific to my area of practice to implement the NCP/IDNT.

Response	Chart	Percentage	Count
Strongly agree		42%	58
Agree		40%	55
Neutral		10%	14
Disagree		5%	7
Strongly Disagree		2%	3
Total Responses			137

Question 11: I would benefit most from additional training in the form of (select all that apply)

Response	Chart	Percentage	Count
Workshops		72%	94
One-on-one support		27%	35
Suggested readings		33%	43
Case studies		54%	71
On-line tools		62%	81
Other, please specify:		10%	13
Total Responses			131

Question 11: I would benefit most from additional training in the form of (select all that apply) (Other, please specify:)

#	Response
1.	OTN or web based case studies which are specific to practice area (outpatient self management example like diabetes, long term care etc.)
2.	small group discussions
3.	seminars avail through telehealth
4.	Expanded language
5.	on line course through DC
6.	department sponsored workshops
7.	Community of practice
8.	Guidelines to follow to implement it smoothly into my daily work routine
9.	Discipline specific workshops/support eg. Community/ public health vs clinical
10.	printed manual for quick reference and access
11.	an information booklet/ resources that I can purchas
12.	When is IDNT translate in french

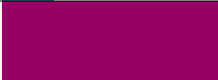
Question 12: How many years have you practiced as a dietitian?

Response	Chart	Percentage	Count
less than 1 year		8%	13
1-4 years		20%	34
5-9 years		13%	23
10-19 years		20%	35
more than 20 years		39%	68
Total Responses			173

Question 13: Please select your current area(s) of practice (select all that apply)

Response	Chart	Percentage	Count
Inpatient nutrition care		42%	73
Ambulatory/Primary care		31%	54
Child health/nutrition		12%	21
Adults/Seniors/nutrition		33%	57
Continuing/Long term care		30%	51
Home care / Supportive living		4%	7
Rehabilitation		3%	5
Public health / community		16%	28
Mental health		9%	15
Management		8%	13
Education		12%	20
Academic research		1%	2
Business / sales marketing		1%	1
Other		8%	14
Not currently in dietetics		1%	2
Total Responses			172

Question 14: Do you practice in any of the following areas?

Response	Chart	Percentage	Count
Critical care		17%	27
Renal		16%	25
Pediatrics		11%	18
Public Health		11%	18
Do not currently practice in any of these areas		55%	89
Total Responses			161

Question 15: If you selected one of these areas of practice in Q14, are there any special issues using the NCP or IDNT for you in this area of practice?

Response	Chart	Percentage	Count
Yes		35%	28
No		65%	52
Total Responses			80

Please comment

The 37 response(s) to this question can be found in the appendix.

Appendix

Please comment |

#	Response
1.	Community situations are complex--causes and etiology, interconnected with social, emotional factors for client. Overly simplistic to identify one or two issues/problems.
2.	in community care, there is always an infitreface between what the licent is willing to change and specific evidence based interventions that would be beneficial. the idnt does not allow a way to track the advocacy/negotiation role of the RD care that works to bring these 2 togethr. this is where the impact of the RD as team player not just implementer will best be highlighted.
3.	need better PES statements for renal issues. I feel that I need to modify them for my patients.
4.	We had difficulty determining how to develop a PES statement for children who had limited food acceptance, were texture sensitive and FTT.
5.	We were hoping to use IDNT but the copyright fees permission to incorporate into our electronic chart, but it not usable (following the ADA toolkit ti EHR)
6.	A number of the diagnostic codes are not applicable to primary care and a number of the traditional interventions in primary care are not covered either.
7.	I unfortunately missed the BC Interior session, would like more opportunities.
8.	Lab values change frequently (even daily) and tpn provisions are also changed frequently (e.g. daily when first being established on tpn). Is it necessary to have a nutr dx for each lab value change? I find I am only using an ncp for the overall aseessment of the pt and why they are on tpn, but not necessarily thereafter even though I am charting most days on changing values. I then change the nutr dx when the main nutrition concern is resolved. It would be too much writing and take too much time, otherwise.
9.	Current IDNT does not always fit with previously well-nourished post surgery patient who is intubated and requires early EN.
10.	I haven't used NCP dx with this population often and can not correctly comment
11.	Long term care tends to be forgotten when NCP is discussed, and the implementation/ education is quite different. For example: LTC RD's should ideally be using NCP in their MDS software vs. a separate assessment form. This is how it is done in the U.S. and with some Ontario RD's. However, there is lack of education in this regard in Canada.
12.	There are too many issues for a single pt to make the use oe of PES AT ALL reasonable or useful.
13.	often have more than one or two issues per patient assessment
14.	don't presently use it
15.	Some of the terminology is awkward for pediatrics. Issues around growth and parenting involvement in feeding are not adequately addressed. Though there are guidelines for how the Diagnosis terminology (which is all we are using right now) can be interpreted for peds, the actual wording that would be required to put into the charting is not appropriate. It creates poor communication unless you understand the nuances which other health professions won't. Therefore it is presently poor communication and may lead to questioning the quality of our care.
16.	Doesn't apply to question 14 but a barrier for me with the implementation of NCP is how to tie it together with MDS so it doesn't result in extra work.
17.	I need training on how to use it
18.	training is needed to move this forward
19.	ONce I am comfortable with it I could integrate it inot my practice. I am the only inpatient PDt in my facility.

20.	nutrition support terminology
21.	Bariatrics requires special issues
22.	multiple nutr diagnoses in ICU, language not developed enough for ICU, "alternate feeding route required d/t endotracheal intubation"
23.	Inability to interview critically ill pt/family member in a timely manner to complete the documentation required in all the areas indicated
24.	monitoring and evaluation
25.	This will be a huge undertaking. Significant education and support is critical for the process to be implemented.
26.	group presentations / workshops
27.	Having other team members understand the language and process as well as adequate time devoted to monitoring and evaluation of the interventions
28.	How to address LTC Resident many issues, such as constipation, meal preferences, swallowing issues within the same assessment.
29.	would have to be applicable to long term care. I have residents who attend hemodialysis.
30.	I work with First Nations communities and often do not have access to charts or information beyond what I gather in my time with clients, this makes charting, especially diagnoses and variables to monitor, challenging.
31.	Challenges regarding PES statement development for those patients intubated and ventilated requiring nutrition support.
32.	Lack of support persons for those working in primary health or community
33.	I am not using it so I can't comment.
34.	I do not find IDNT particularly useful; difficult for allied health team members to understand, does not provided individualized patient care, too general and does not support critical thinking. Dietitians are writing the same statement for almost all of their patients. Not a good learning opportunity for students either. It is better for RDs and interns to look at the big picture and come up with an assessment and a NCP from there. If that takes 2 or 3 sentences vs. these statements, I believe it is much better. The statements using IDNT are wordy, confusing and not particularly insightful or helpful.
35.	I am unaware of NCP or IDNT, but will be looking it up after I complete this survey
36.	I will not be able to use IDNT until it is translate in french.
37.	Missing pediatric nutrition diagnosis